

PATENT
IGYG:002
11308.0002.NPUS00

APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

for

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING PERSONALIZED
RELEVANT INFORMATION

by

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EXPRESS MAIL MAILING LABEL

NUMBER EL392863440US

DATE OF DEPOSIT 06/26/01

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The coming of the Internet and Information Age has brought with it an explosion in the volume of information that is available to the public. Unfortunately, the vast majority of this information, for example, information relating to travel and travel-related topics, is available to the public only in an unorganized fashion. The sheer quantity of this information can make it nearly impossible for an individual to locate relevant information. Furthermore, there may be at the same time an actual shortage of the type of first-hand, personalized, particularly-relevant information that the individual may desire to locate.

For example, in the case of an individual seeking to plan a vacation, or merely seeking to learn more about a distant location, it is difficult to locate first-hand, particularly-relevant, travel-related information. The individual may rely upon his or her circle of trusted friends or even acquaintances to provide specific first-hand travel advice or experience information. Unfortunately, such advice and information will necessarily be limited by the number of the individual's friends or acquaintances, as well as by the travel habits of such persons. Travel agents may seek to provide an individual with customized travel-related information. However, the travel-related information from travel agents may not be first-hand or objective, being limited to the travel experiences of the agent and/or the agent's clients. Guidebooks may be used to obtain a limited amount of information concerning a travel destination. However, guidebooks suffer from several deficiencies, including the somewhat generic and oftentimes dated nature of their information. So too with travel-related magazines: the travel-information can be generic, rather than providing the sort of comprehensive and personalized first-hand information desired.

Internet-accessible travel magazines typically contain professionally-written travel content. However, the relevance of this content depends in large part upon how closely the personal preferences of the professional travel writer matches the personal preferences of the individual seeking information. The same is true in the case of Internet-accessible opinion sites, which are limited in their ability to take into account the personal preferences of the user.

1 Thus, there exists a real and continuing need for a computer-oriented method and
2 apparatus designed to provide personalized content information, taking into account both
3 the personal preferences of the user, as well as the personal preferences and/or other
4 unique information of the content information provider.

5 6 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

7 The present invention generally relates to a method and apparatus for providing
8 personalized information based both upon a user's search query, as well as based upon
9 the user's personal preferences. There is provided a database containing contributor
10 records that include contributor content records and contributor profile records. The
11 database includes descriptor information corresponding to each contributor content
12 record. Additional contributor content records may be added to the database, and
13 valuable consideration may be provided to the contributor in exchange for his or her
14 contribution. The database may optionally also include foundation content, travel
15 provider content, or other types of content.

16 The present invention also includes a computer program adapted to receive a
17 user's search query and personal preference information. The program then utilizes both
18 the search query and the personal preference information to locate and display
19 particularly relevant, personalized information from within the content records of the
20 database.

21 22 DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

23 The present invention is generally directed to a method and apparatus for
24 providing personalized information to a user from a database, based both upon the user's
25 search query and the user's personal preferences.

26 27 *The Database:*

28 In one embodiment, a database is maintained on one or more server computers
29 accessible to individual users and contributors via the Internet or World Wide Web. The
30 database includes a plurality of contributor content records. Each content record may
31 contain unique, specific information, composed by a contributor, concerning a topic of

1 interest to that contributor. For example, a contributor content record may contain the
2 contributor's account or journal of his or her experience at a restaurant, at a hotel, at a
3 sight-seeing location such as a city or national park, or with a product or service. A
4 contributor content record may comprise text, electronic pictures, electronically-recorded
5 sound files, or the file.

6 Also stored within the database is descriptor information corresponding to each
7 contributor content record. Descriptor information may comprise keywords or key terms
8 describing or entitling the contributor content record. For example, for a contributor
9 content record containing an account of a contributor's visit to an Italian restaurant in
10 Bangkok, Thailand, the corresponding descriptor information may comprise keywords
11 such as, "restaurant", "expensive", "Bangkok", "Italian food", "Ozio Restaurant", or the
12 like. In another aspect of the invention, descriptor information may include a title,
13 category and/or indexing descriptions. For example, on a contributor content record
14 containing an account of a visit to a Canadian national park, the corresponding descriptor
15 information may include a title such as "Horne Lake Caves Provincial Park", and an
16 descriptive index, "Canada > British Columbia > Vancouver Island". In one embodiment
17 of the present invention, descriptor information corresponding to a contributor content
18 record may be embedded in the contributor content record, rather than stored separately
19 from the contributor content record within the database.

20 Corresponding to each contributor content record within the database is a
21 contributor profile record. The contributor profile record may be designed to reflect the
22 personal preferences and other information related to the contributor. To that end, a
23 contributor profile record may include any number of data elements regarding the
24 contributor, for example, data elements describing the contributor's personal
25 identification information, travel-related preferences, product-purchase-related
26 preferences, or the like.

27 For example, in one aspect of the present invention, the contributor profile record
28 may include data elements regarding the contributor's personal identification
29 information, travel interests information, travel-related attributes, dining and
30 accommodation preference information, favorite destination information, and aspired
31 destination information.

1 Personal identification information may include information such as the
 2 contributor's name, user name, e-mail or physical address, date of birth, age, gender,
 3 educational and professional background, income level, and free-form self-description
 4 information. Travel interests information may include information such as the
 5 contributor's favorite travel activities, for example natural wonders, arts festivals, hiking,
 6 fishing, bars and pubs, historical tours, and live performances. Travel interests
 7 information may also include information concerning the types of travel activities of the
 8 contributor, such as top attractions, local events, cruises, family fun, nightlife, arts and
 9 culture, great outdoors, shopping, sports, and specialty tours, and the like. Travel-related
 10 attributes may include such information as the contributor's preferences for adventure
 11 (for example, high, medium, or low), preferences for fitness-demanding travel
 12 experiences, sensitivity for cost, desire to travel "off the beaten path," and desire for
 13 higher culture. Dining preference information may include information such as the
 14 contributor's preferences for local cuisine, fine dining, healthy cuisine, or romantic
 15 dining. Accommodation preference information may include information such as the
 16 contributor's preferences for hotels, motels, bed and breakfast establishments, spas and
 17 resorts, rental condos/houses, camping, guest houses, hostels, timeshares, or the like.
 18 Favorite destination information may include information such as the contributor's
 19 favorite restaurants, hotels, national parks, cities, or the like. Aspirated destination
 20 information may include information such as the contributor's dream vacation locations,
 21 or dream hiking locations.

22 In one aspect of the present invention, the database includes contributor profile
 23 records submitted by contributors. A contributor profile record may also be updated, if
 24 desired, by a contributor, to reflect changes to his or her personal preferences. A
 25 contributor who wishes to submit a contributor profile or content record to the database
 26 may do so via any number of methods, for example via the Internet. When a contribution
 27 of a content record is made, a computer program in accordance with the present invention
 28 stores the contributor content record in the database, and assigns that record to
 29 correspond to the contributor's current contributor profile record. In another aspect of the
 30 present invention, descriptor information may be generated for the contributor content
 31 record, so that the content record may be more easily identified.

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1 In one embodiment of the present invention, a contributor may be rewarded with
2 valuable consideration in exchange for his or her contribution. That valuable
3 consideration may take many forms, including currency, or credits redeemable for such
4 things as prizes, travel equipment, airline tickets, or the like. In another embodiment of
5 the present invention, a contributor content record may be rated according to its quality.
6 Such rating may be performed by other contributors, by users, and/or by the maintainer of
7 the database. Valuable consideration credited to the contributor may be varied according
8 to such things as the content record's length, degree of detail, and/or rating by others.

9 In another aspect of the present invention, the database may include foundation
10 content, such as records created not by contributors, but by commercial information
11 providers. Such foundation content may include electronic versions of travel guidebooks
12 from established companies. Foundation content may also include information from
13 consumer protection groups, governmental agencies, or the like. In any case, such
14 foundation content may include foundation content records, such as guidebook content
15 records, and may also include descriptor information corresponding to each guidebook
16 content record. Foundation content records may be licensed from their owner or owners
17 by the maintainer of the database, and the maintainer may provide valuable consideration
18 for its license. In an alternative, the owner(s) of the foundation content records may
19 provide consideration to the maintainer of the database, in exchange for the provision of
20 the content records to users and other parties.

21 The database may also include travel provider content, such as information from
22 airlines, hotels and resorts, tour operators and guides, and the like. Such information may
23 include information concerning a travel provider's available services, such a highlights,
24 cost and reservation information, suitability for children or the elderly, or the like. In any
25 case, such information may take the form of travel provider content records, and may
26 include descriptor information corresponding to each travel provider content record.
27 Likewise, travel provider content records may be licensed by the maintainer of the
28 database, who may provide valuable consideration to the owner of the travel provider
29 content records. Alternatively, the owner of the travel provider content records may
30 provide consideration to the maintainer of the database. Such consideration may vary
31 according to the number of users who access the content record, according to the number

of users who access the travel provider's goods or services, and/or according to other factors.

In another embodiment of the present invention, foundation content or travel provider content may likewise be rated according to its quality, such rating being performed by contributors, by users, and/or by the maintainer of the database.

Providing Personalized Information:

The present invention may include a device for accessing and querying the database to provide a user with personalized information. In one embodiment, the invention includes a computer program running on one or more server computers, such that a user may connect and interact with the program via the Internet.

It should be noted that the term "user" as used herein is intended to refer to an individual seeking information from the database. A user may take the role of a contributor by providing a contributor content record; and likewise, a contributor may take the role of a user by querying the database for information.

Associated with each user is a user profile record. Such user profile record may contain the same or similar types of preference information relating to the user, as a contributor profile record may contain relating to a contributor. The user's user profile record may be conveniently stored within the database, but it need not be.

According to one aspect of the present invention, a user seeking particularly relevant, personalized information may transmit a search query to the database via the Internet. It will be understood that the user may initiate this search query via any number of convenient means, for example, by entering a keyword, or by clicking on a hyperlink from a webpage. Suitable keywords will, of course, depend upon the subject matter of contributor content records available in the database, and especially upon the information contained in the descriptor information corresponding to the contributor content records. The transmitted search query, along with the user's user profile record, are then used by the computer program's content match algorithm to identify and present contributor content records that may be particularly relevant to the user.

In one embodiment of the current invention, the computer program compares a user search query with descriptor information corresponding to contributor content

1 records to identify generally responsive contributor content records. Such methods are
2 well known in the art, and so for brevity will not be discussed here. The computer
3 program also compares the user profile record with each of the contributor profile records
4 corresponding to the responsive contributor content records just identified. Alternatively,
5 the program may first compare a user profile record with contributor profile records to
6 identify contributors whose content records may be expected to be particularly relevant to
7 the user, and then compare the user search query with descriptor information
8 corresponding to those contributor content records that may be expected to particularly
9 relevant.

10 It will be appreciated that the exact methods and procedures for comparing a user
11 profile record with a contributor profile record will necessarily depend upon the
12 particular format of the profile records. For example, a profile record may include a
13 plurality of data elements, where each data element contains one or more discrete pieces
14 of information concerning the record's author. Thus, any number of comparison
15 algorithms may be suitable.

16 In one embodiment of the present invention, any number, D , of corresponding
17 data elements from user and contributor profile records are compared with each other to
18 generate D comparison score(s). According to the present invention, D may be any
19 positive integer, but may preferably be greater than or equal to 2, or greater than or equal
20 to 3. The comparison scores are then combined via a suitable formula, that for example
21 may appropriately weigh each of the comparison scores, to calculate a match rating
22 between the user profile record and the contributor profile record. This match rating may
23 then be used to further personalize and rate for relevancy the previously-identified
24 contributor content records.

25 In one embodiment, a profile record may contain a data element representing the
26 author's gender. Should a user profile record include a data element containing
27 information representing a male author, and a contributor profile record include a
28 corresponding data element containing information representing a female author, then
29 there would be generated for that data element a comparison score of 0. Likewise, should
30 the respective user and contributor profile records include a data elements containing

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1 information representing authors having the same gender, then there would be generated
2 for that data element a comparison score of 1.

3 Similarly, a profile record may include a data element containing information
4 representing the author's age. Such information may take the form of an integer
5 representing the author's age in years, that is, 0 to 100+. A suitable comparison score,
6 scaled to generate a comparison score between 0 and 1, may be generated by determining
7 the absolute age difference between the ages represented in corresponding data elements
8 of a user and contributor profile record, dividing that difference by the average of such
9 ages, and then subtracting this quotient from 1.

10 In another embodiment, age-related information within a data element may take
11 the form of an integer representing a range of ages, for example, 0 for ages 16-20; 1 for
12 ages 21-29; 2 for ages 30-39; 3 for ages 40-49; 4 for ages 50-59; 5 for ages 60-69; and 6
13 for ages 70+. For this embodiment, a suitable comparison score, scaled to generate a
14 comparison score between 0 and 1, may be generated by determining the absolute
15 difference between the age ranges represented in corresponding data elements of a user
16 and contributor profile record, subtracting that difference from 6, and then dividing the
17 result by 6.

18 Where a data element of a profile record of the present invention comprises a
19 rank-ordered list of a contributor's or user's N personal preferences, favorite interests or
20 favorite activities, a more complex comparison algorithm may be employed. For
21 example, in one particular embodiment, a user and contributor profile records may
22 include data elements representing the user's and contributor's N favorite travel interests
23 or activities.

24
25 Data element from
26 User Profile Record

- 27 (1) Activity A
28 (2) Activity B
29 (3) Activity C
30
31 (N) Activity X.

Data element from
Contributor Profile Record

- (1) Activity B
(2) Activity Y
(3) Activity Z
. . . .
(N) Activity A

1
2 In such a case, it may be desirable to generate a comparison score that counts not only the
3 absolute number of activities in common between the user profile record and the
4 contributor profile record, but also takes into consideration the relative rank of the
5 common activity within the records.

6 A data element above from a user profile record may be represented as an array,
7 UserProfile.Activity [j], representing a rank-ordering of the user's favorite activities. A
8 data element from the corresponding contributor profile record may be represented as
9 array ContributorProfile.Activity [k]. A suitable comparison score, represented as
10 Score.Activity, may be generated by means of the following nested-loop algorithm:

11
12 Score.Activity = 0
13 for $j = 1$ to N
14 for $k = 1$ to N
15 if UserProfile.Activity [j] = ContributorProfile.Activity [k] then
16 Score.Activity = Score.Activity + { $[N-(j+k)/2] + 2 * [N - \text{avg.}(j, k)]$ }
17 end if
18 endfor
19 endfor

20
21 The resultant comparison score may be appropriately scaled to a value from 0 to 1 by
22 dividing it by $[(3 N^2) - N(N+1)/2]$. Alternatively, a suitable comparison score may be
23 generated by substituting the following formula in the above nested-loop algorithm:

24
25 Score.Activity = Score.Activity + { $[N-(j+k)/2] * [N - \text{avg.}(j, k)]$ }
26

27 This alternative resultant comparison score may appropriately be scaled to a value from 0
28 to 1 by dividing it by $\{ N * [N^2 - N - (N-1)!] \}$.

29 In certain embodiments of the present invention, user and contributor profile
30 records may each include a data element containing information representing a user's and

1 contributor's respective five favorite travel interests or activities, and a travel activity
2 comparison score may be generated according to the above methods.

3 In another embodiment of the present invention, user and contributor profile
4 records may each include a data element containing information representing a user's and
5 contributor's respective two favorite or preferred types of dining. A dining preference
6 comparison score may be generated according to the above methods.

7 In still another embodiment of the present invention, user and contributor profile
8 records may each include a data element containing information representing a user's and
9 contributor's respective two favorite or preferred types of accommodations. An
10 accommodation preference comparison score may also likewise be generated according
11 to the above methods.

12 User and contributor profile records according to the present invention may also
13 include data elements representing a user's and contributor's respective favorite or
14 preferred types or categories of travel activities, for example, top attractions, local events,
15 cruises, family fun, nightlife, arts and culture, great outdoors, shopping, sports, and
16 specialty tours. In one embodiment, a user or contributor entering his or her profile
17 record information may be requested to choose and rank, from a provided list, his or her
18 five favorite travel interests or activities. Associated with each of the provided choices
19 for favorite travel interests or activities, is a particular type or category of the interest or
20 activity. For example, travel interests/activities such as beaches, hiking, park/reserves,
21 and the like, may be associated with an appropriate type or category, such "great
22 outdoors." Continuing this example, likewise, travel interests or activities such as
23 museums, theater, music, galleries, and the like, may be associated with an appropriate
24 type or category, such as "arts and culture." As such, a user or contributor choosing his
25 or her five favorite travel interests or activities likewise has chosen one or more (but no
26 more than five) favorite travel types or categories of travel activities.

27 Such a data element of a user profile record may be compared with a
28 corresponding data element of a contributor profile record, and a type-of-travel-activity
29 comparison score may generated, by simply adding together the number of common
30 types of travel activities with respect to the corresponding data elements, and dividing

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1 this sum by maximum number of common types of travel activities with respect to the
2 data elements.

3 User and contributor profile records according to the present invention may also
4 each include a data element containing information representing the user's and
5 contributor's respective travel attributes. In certain embodiments of the invention, such a
6 data element may include information relating to such topics as a user's or a contributor's
7 desire for adventure, fitness level, budget requirements, desire to travel off the beaten
8 path, desire for higher culture, and family status. To that end, a user or contributor
9 entering his or her profile record information may be requested to specify: high, medium,
10 or low, with respect to the preceding first five topics; and this information may of course
11 be represented by any suitable set of values, for example, 0, 1, and 2. A user or
12 contributor entering his or her profile record information may also be requested to specify
13 yes or no, with respect to whether the user or contributor intends to be traveling as a
14 family unit; and this information may be represented by suitable values, 0 and 1.

15 In a preferred embodiment of the current invention, a travel attributes data
16 element from a user profile record is compared with a corresponding data element from a
17 contributor profile record. A travel attribute comparison score may be generated via any
18 of several formulas. According to one embodiment of the invention, a travel attribute
19 comparison score is generated by simply adding together a number of generated
20 subscores, and dividing this sum by the number of subscores used. For example, a
21 adventure subscore may be generated by determining the absolute difference between the
22 value representing a user's desire for adventure and the value representing a contributor's
23 desire for adventure, and by subtracting this difference from one. Other subscores, for
24 fitness level, budget requirements, desire to travel off the beaten path, and desire for
25 higher culture, may similarly be generated. A family subscore may be generated by
26 simply assigning a score of 1 when the family status information in the user profile
27 record is the same as that of the contributor profile record, and assigning a sub-score of 0
28 when the family status information in the user profile record is not the same as that in the
29 contributor profile record.

30 According to another aspect of the invention, a travel attribute comparison score
31 is generated as follows. Attribute subscores are generated for all attributes other than

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1 budget and family status, according to the method above, *i.e.*, by determining the absolute
2 difference between the value representing a user's particular attribute and the value
3 representing a contributor's corresponding attribute, and by subtracting this difference
4 from one. A budget attribute subscore is generated by determining the absolute
5 difference between the value representing a user's budget requirements and the value
6 representing a contributor's budget requirements, by dividing this difference by three,
7 and then by subtracting this quotient from one. The travel attribute comparison score,
8 having a range from 0 to 1, is then generated by adding together each of the attribute
9 subscores, and then dividing this sum by the number of attributes.

10 Of course, it will be understood that the various comparison score generation
11 methods discussed above are presented by way of example only, and not limitation. One
12 of ordinary skill working within the scope of the present invention with the benefit of this
13 disclosure will comprehend that other comparison score generation methods may be
14 suitable, depending upon the particular types of information represented by
15 corresponding data elements within user and contributor profile records. Moreover, it
16 will also be understood that data elements within the scope of the present invention may
17 contain profile information in formats other than the exemplary formats disclosed above,
18 and that one of ordinary skill with the benefit of this disclosure will easily be able to
19 design suitable comparison score generation methods within the scope of the current
20 invention appropriate for these other data elements.

21 In one embodiment of the present invention, a match rating is calculated between
22 a user profile record and a contributor profile record by simply adding together any
23 number of *D* comparison scores, as discussed above. For example, a suitable match
24 rating may be calculated by summing the generated comparison scores for age, travel
25 attributes, travel activity, and type-of-travel-activity. In another embodiment, the match
26 rating may be calculated by suitably weighting the comparison scores prior to adding
27 them together. For example, another suitable match rating may be calculated by adding
28 together the weighted comparison scores for type-of-travel-activity, travel attributes,
29 travel activity, dining preference, and accommodation preference, where the preceding
30 comparison scores are weighted by multiplying them by weighting factors of 5, 5, 3, 1,
31 and 1, respectively. Still another suitable match rating may be calculated by adding

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1 together the following weighted seven comparison scores: age, gender, type-of-travel-
2 activity, travel attributes, travel activity, dining preference, and accommodation
3 preference, wherein the preceding comparison scores are weighted by multiplying them
4 by weighting factors of 5, 5, 5, 5, 3, 1, and 1, respectively.

5 It will also be understood that the various match rating calculation methods
6 discussed above are presented by way of example only, and not limitation. One of
7 ordinary skill working within the scope of the present invention with the benefit of this
8 disclosure will comprehend that other match rating calculation methods may be suitable,
9 depending upon the particular types of information represented by the various
10 comparison scores.

11 As discussed above, as a result of the above comparisons, there is calculated a
12 match rating describing the degree to which a user and a contributor share the same
13 personal preferences. This match rating may be used to personalize the content
14 information provided to a user. For example, in one embodiment of the present
15 invention, selected contributor content records may be displayed to a user, based upon the
16 results of a user search query. Alongside the contributor content records, there may be
17 displayed indications of the match ratings calculated for the contributor profile records
18 associated with the displayed contributor content records. Optionally, other information
19 may also be displayed alongside a contributor content record, such as an indication
20 relating to the quality and/or popularity of the contributor content record.

21 In another embodiment of the present invention, a limited number of contributor
22 content records may be selected for display based upon both the user query and the match
23 rating. This may of course be accomplished in several ways. For example, in one
24 embodiment, a number of the contributor content records may be identified based upon
25 the results of a comparison between the user search query and the descriptor information
26 corresponding to the contributor content records. A match rating is calculated for these
27 identified contributor content records, and the records are then displayed in their order of
28 particular relevance as determined by their match ratings. Alternatively, only a
29 particularly-relevant number or portion of the previously-identified contributor content
30 records may be displayed, again based upon their relatively-high match ratings.

1 For each of the above embodiments, other personalized information may
2 optionally be displayed alongside a contributor content record, such as an indication
3 relating to the quality and/or popularity of the contributor content record.

4 In other aspects of the present invention, the database may also include
5 foundation content, including content records from commercial sources. It may include
6 travel provider content, including travel provider content records. Descriptor information
7 may be associated with either of these types of content records. Such foundation content
8 and travel provider content may be accessed when a user enters a search query. In
9 response, the computer program compares the search query with the descriptor
10 information in order to identify and display responsive foundation and/or travel provider
11 content records.

12
13 *Other Aspects of the Invention:*

14 In a still further aspect of the current invention, personalized information may be
15 provided as follows. The descriptor information corresponding to contributor content
16 records may be configured to include one or more data elements having formats
17 compatible with at least one or more of the data elements contained in a user profile
18 record. For example, a contributor content record may include an account of a
19 contributor's visit to a museum in a certain city. Corresponding to this content record
20 may be certain descriptor information as previously discussed above, including
21 keywords, a title, category and/or index descriptions, or the like: for example,
22 "Moscow," "Russia," "art museum," etc. According to this further aspect of the present
23 invention, descriptor information for this content record may include one or more data
24 elements describing the content record's specific subject matter, for example, data
25 elements such as the following: travel interests or activity (museum), type or category of
26 travel activity (arts and culture), and travel attributes (adventure = medium; required
27 fitness = low; budget requirement = low; off-the-beaten path = low; culture = high;
28 family friendliness = medium), or the like. In this instance, the descriptor information of
29 a contributor content record may be compared with a user's user profile record. As in the
30 case of the comparison of a user profile record to a contributor profile record, it will be
31 appreciated that a number of suitable methods may be used to generate comparison

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1 scores between compatible data elements, and a number of suitable formula may be used
2 to further calculate a match rating between a user profile record and the compatible
3 portion of the descriptor information associated with a contributor content record.

4 Thus, personalized information, including selected or relevancy-rated contributor
5 content records, may be obtained by a user from a database, based upon a comparison of
6 a user profile record with both (i) at least two contributor profile records; and (ii) the
7 descriptor information associated with the contributor content records. For example, in
8 one embodiment, the mechanism for obtaining this personalized information may include
9 the combination of two separately-calculated match ratings. That is, there may be
10 combined a first match rating, calculated for a user profile record and a contributor
11 profile record, and a second match rating, calculated for the user profile record and the
12 appropriate portion of the descriptor information associated with a corresponding
13 contributor content record. In another embodiment, data elements from a user profile
14 record may be compared with those from both a contributor profile record and from
15 corresponding descriptor information, according to the above methods. However, rather
16 than using calculating two separate match ratings, there may be calculated a single,
17 combined match rating.

18 In other embodiments of the current invention, descriptor information
19 corresponding to foundation content records may also be configured to include one or
20 more data elements compatible with one or more data elements of a user profile record.
21 Similarly, descriptor information corresponding to travel provider content records may
22 also be configured to include one or more such compatible data elements. In either case,
23 additional personalized information, including selected or relevancy-rated foundation or
24 travel provider content records, may be obtained according to the present invention. For
25 these embodiments, a user may submit a search query to a computer program of the
26 present invention. As before, the program compares the user search query with at least a
27 portion of descriptor information corresponding to foundation or travel provider content
28 records, and identifies generally responsive foundation or travel provider content records.
29 The program also obtains the user's user profile record, compares it with a compatible
30 portion of the descriptor information corresponding to the identified generally responsive
31 foundation or travel provider content records. From this comparison the program

09893265-062601

1 calculates a suitable match rating for each of the identified generally responsive
2 foundation or travel provider content records. Using these comparison results, the
3 program then provides the user with the desired particularly-relevant, personalized
4 information, including selected or relevancy-rated foundation or travel provider content
5 records.

6 In another embodiment of the current invention, the computer program may
7 provide a mechanism for a user to identify contributors and/or other users having similar
8 personal preferences. Upon receiving such a request from a user or from another source,
9 the program may compare the user's user profile record to any number of contributor
10 profile records, and optionally, to any number of the user profile records of other users,
11 and for each may calculate a match rating according to the methods described above. A
12 user may then receive a listing of contributors or other users having similar personal
13 preferences, and may also be provided with at least a portion of those contributors' or
14 users' profile records. In this way, a user may learn about and contact individual
15 contributors and other users, and perhaps seek out further information concerning their
16 shared interests.

17 Although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein in
18 some degree of detail, this has been done merely to illustrate various features and aspects
19 of the present invention, and is not to be construed as limiting the scope of the invention
20 as defined by the claims which follow. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate
21 that various substitutions, alterations, and/or modifications, including but not limited to
22 those design variations and options that have been specifically noted herein, may be made
23 to any of the embodiments of the invention disclosed herein without departing from the
24 spirit and scope of the claims which follow.